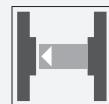


Thru-beam sensor (pair)



OBE500-R3F-SE0-L

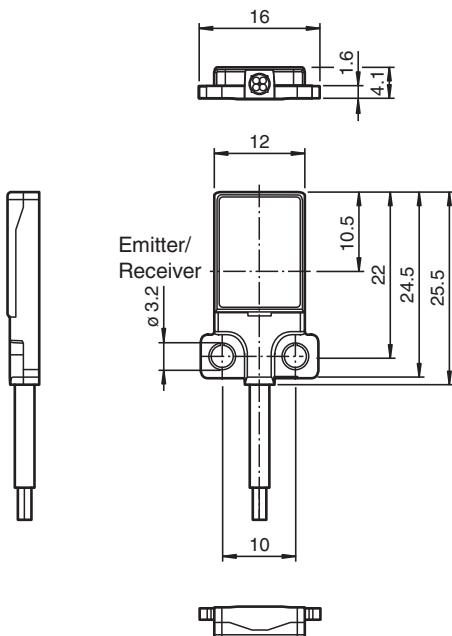


- Very flat design for direct mounting without mounting bracket
- DuraBeam Laser Sensors - durable and employable like an LED
- TEACH-IN
- Detection of partially transparent objects by teach-in
- Detection of small parts or flat objects from 0.25 mm

Thru-beam sensor, flat design, M3 mounting, 500 mm detection range, red light, dark on, NPN output, fixed cable



Dimensions



Technical Data

System components

Emitter	OBE500-R3F-S-L
Receiver	OBE500-R3F-E0-L

General specifications

Effective detection range	0 ... 500 mm
Threshold detection range	700 mm
Light source	LASER LIGHT
Light type	modulated visible red light , 680 nm

Technical Data

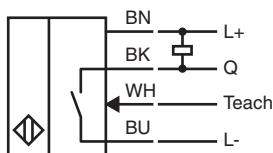
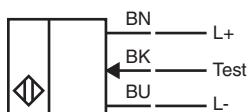
Laser nominal ratings		
Note	LASER LIGHT , DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM	
Laser class	1	
Wave length	680 nm	
Beam divergence	> 5 mrad	
Pulse length	approx. 3 µs	
Repetition rate	approx. 16.6 kHz	
max. pulse energy	8 nJ	
Angle deviation	approx. 0.5 °	
Object size	typ. starts from 0.5 mm ; typ. from 0.25 mm (after teach-in)	
Diameter of the light spot	approx. 4 mm at a distance of 500 mm	
Opening angle	approx. 1 °	
Optical face	frontal	
Ambient light limit	EN 60947-5-2 : 25000 Lux	
Functional safety related parameters		
MTTF _d	806 a	
Mission Time (T _M)	20 a	
Diagnostic Coverage (DC)	0 %	
Indicators/operating means		
Operation indicator	LED green, statically lit Power on , short-circuit : LED green flashing (approx. 4 Hz)	
Function indicator	Receiver: LED yellow, lights up when light beam is free, flashes when falling short of the operating reserve ; OFF when light beam is interrupted	
Electrical specifications		
Operating voltage	U _B	12 ... 24 V
No-load supply current	I ₀	Emitter: ≤ 10 mA Receiver: ≤ 8 mA
Protection class	III	
Input		
Test input	Test of switching function at 0 V	
Switching threshold	Teach-In input	
Output		
Switching type	NO contact / dark-on	
Signal output	1 NPN output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected, open collector	
Switching voltage	max. 30 V DC	
Switching current	max. 50 mA , resistive load	
Voltage drop	U _d	≤ 1.5 V DC
Switching frequency	f	approx. 2 kHz
Response time	250 µs	
Conformity		
Product standard	EN 60947-5-2	
Laser safety	EN 60825-1:2007	
Approvals and certificates		
UL approval	E87056 , cULus Recognized, Class 2 Power Source	
CCC approval	CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V	
FDA approval	IEC 60825-1:2007 Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007	
Ambient conditions		
Ambient temperature	-10 ... 60 °C (14 ... 140 °F)	
Storage temperature	-20 ... 70 °C (-4 ... 158 °F)	
Mechanical specifications		
Housing width	16 mm	
Housing height	25.5 mm	
Housing depth	4.1 mm	
Degree of protection	IP67	

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

Technical Data

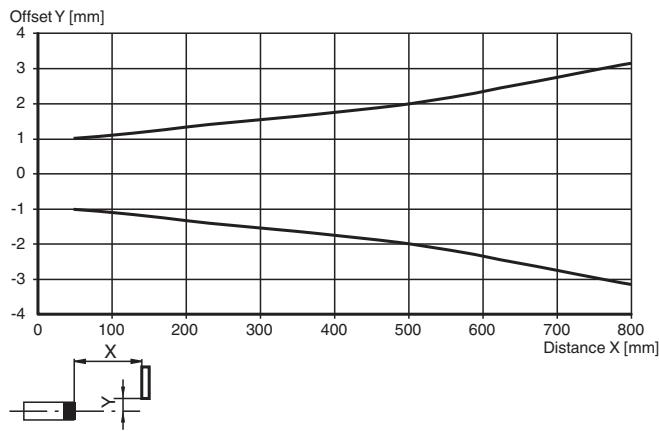
Connection	2 m fixed cable
Material	
Housing	PC (Polycarbonate) and Stainless steel
Optical face	PMMA
Cable	PUR
Mass	approx. 20 g per sensor
Tightening torque, fastening screws	1 Nm
Cable length	2 m

Connection



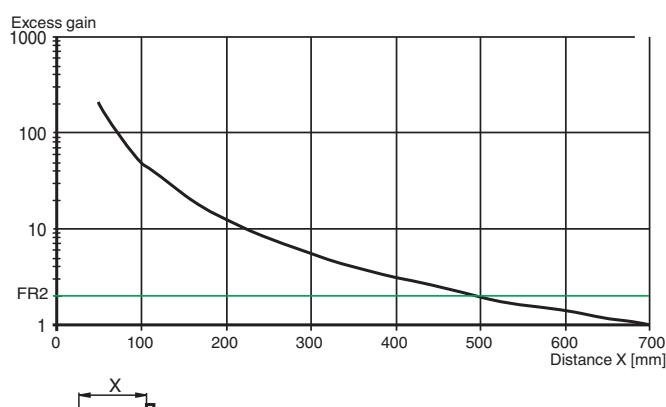
Characteristic Curve

Characteristic response curve

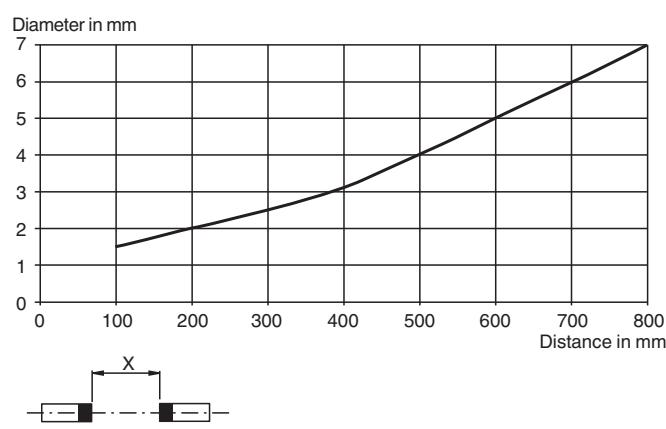


Characteristic Curve

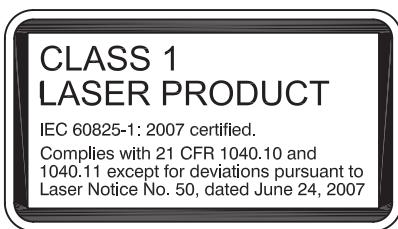
Relative received light strength



Light spot diameter



Safety Information



Safety Information

Laser Class 1 Information

The irradiation can lead to irritation especially in a dark environment. Do not point at people!

Maintenance and repairs should only be carried out by authorized service personnel!

Attach the device so that the warning is clearly visible and readable.

The warning accompanies the device and should be attached in immediate proximity to the device.

Caution – Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Teach-In

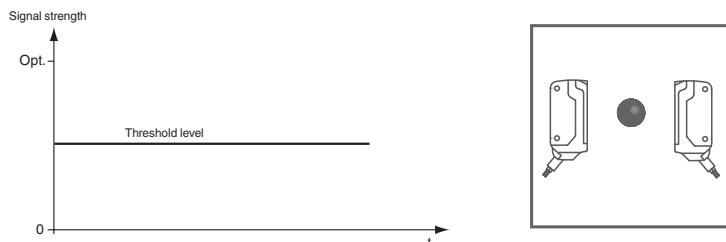
The thru-beam sensor enables the switching points to be taught in for optimum adaptation to specific applications. This eliminates the need for additional components such as apertures.

The sensitivity of the thru-beam sensor can be adjusted using three Teach-in methods:

Position Teach

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum



Recommended application:

This method enables minuscule particles in the beam path to be detected, and provides exceptional positioning accuracy. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

1. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz

2. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

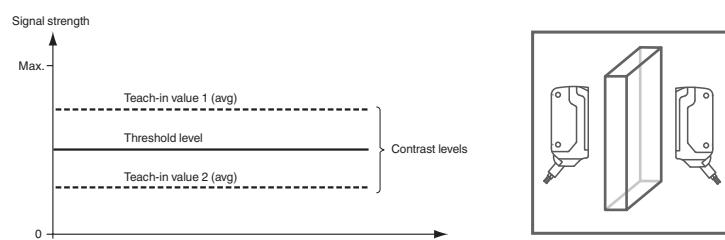
The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz

3. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static and yellow LED blinks.

Two-Point Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set in the center between the two taught signal values



1. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

2. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz

3. Position the object in the beam path.

4. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

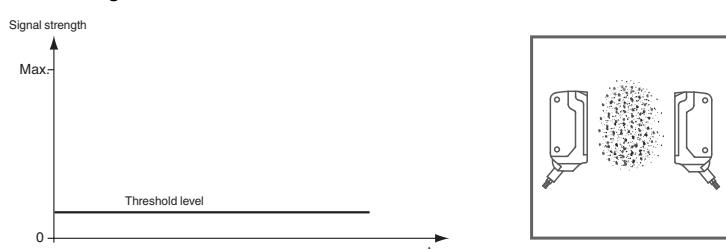
The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz

5. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.

Maximum Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to a maximum
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum



Recommended application:

Enables an object to be detected with a high excess gain. This can be useful if there is severe environmental contamination or to achieve long operating times.

Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

6. Cover the receiver or transmitter.

7. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz

8. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz

9. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.